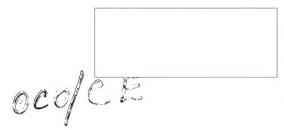


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National Intelligence Daily (Cable)

31 March 1982

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tized Copy Approved for Release 2011/02/18 : CIA	Top Secret
USSR: Senior Leader Reported Ill	
The rumor mill in Moscow is active u more senior leaders are seriously ill.	
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Comment: Brezhnev's history o problems makes him constantly vulne but there is no additional evidence suffered a major setback at this ti	rable to a stroke, tha <u>t his healt</u> h has
The Soviet President almost ce because of his recent heavy schedul tired during his visit to Tashkent no live television coverage of his Friday, possibly because he did not ponement on Sunday of the visit to President, apparently at Soviet inigests that Brezhnev is indisposed.	rtainly is exhausted e, and he appeared last week. There was return to Moscow on look well. The post- Moscow by South Yemen's
*	
has entered the hospital to rest, a done so on this occasion. In the c atmosphere in Moscow such a develop	urrent politicized
rumors that he is seriously ill.//	
Kirilenko's health in recent y been better than that of most other Poor health could account for his a during March, but his absence may b political problems that have beset	senior Soviet leaders. bsence from public view e due solely to the him since Politburo
member Suslov's death two months ag	0.
The rumors about health proble ship may be politically motivated. and other recent rumors testify to uncertainty about the state of the Suslov's death. Their existence, m minder of the frailty of the dimini who have ruled the Soviet Union for	At a minimum, these the high degree of leadership since oreover, is a re-shing circle of men
who have ruled the soviet union for	the past 17 years.
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USSR-CHAD: Possible Military Assistance	
//The USSR may supply Chadian President Go assistance.//	ukouni with military
Since the Libyans withdrew from Charthe Soviets have strengthened ties with Minister Gromyko himself received a low-Chad in December, and candidate Politbur subsequently met with its new Ambassador	Goukouni. Foreign level envoy from o member Kuznetsov
the expressed concern that alleged US support forces may portend a resurgence of Wester Chad. They also have criticized the OAU force there, charging that its failure to is serving US and French interests.	rn influence in peacekeeping
Comment: Moscow's interest in trying to feeble nonaligned coalition from being to gent leader Habre's superior forces. The ever, probably want to play an indirect in order to avoid charges by other Africameddling in Chadian affairs. Consequent encourage other countries to increase the assistance to Chad.	oppled by insur- e Soviets, how- and limited role an countries of ly, the USSR may

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USSR: Grain Crop for 1981

//Economic lecturers in Murmansk and Leningrad have indicated for the first time that the grain crop for 1981 may have fallen below 160 million tons. One lecturer put the crop at 158 million tons, and the other cited 150 to 165 million tons. An official of an economic institute in Moscow repeated the figure of 158 million tons during a conversation on Monday with a US Embassy official.//

Comment: //Such lecturers were among the first spokesmen to provide accurate figures for the disastrous grain harvests in 1975 and 1979. A crop of 158 million tons would have fallen about 80 million tons short of plan. Record grain imports will not fill so large a gap, and the Soviets probably will import about 45 million tons during the year ending 30 June. The USSR so far has bought 43.7 million tons for delivery by that date.//

POLAND: Coal Exports Increase

//The partial recovery of Poland's coal industry under martial law has led to increased exports to the West. The imposition of a six-day workweek and strict discipline in the mines caused production in January and February to rise 14 percent over that of a year ago. Exports amounted to 2.8 million tons, more than triple the same period in 1981. Warsaw's aggressive campaign to regain lost markets is having some success, with Spain purchasing more Polish coal in January than in all of 1981, and Italy, France, and Belgium considering increased purchases.//

Comment: //Poland's reemergence as a major factor in the West European coal market--largely at the expense of US producers--may partly reflect Warsaw's willingness to offer attractive prices. It also may stem from a desire in Western Europe to diversify sources of supply and to help Poland earn hard currency. The Poles probably are using some of the proceeds from coal sales to help pay debt obligations.//

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BOLIVIA: Labor Unrest Military leaders are urging Presend civil unrest by declaring a state reorganizing the cabinet. Workers he day general strike this week to protest ity measures, and the outlawed Bolivia reportedly intends to stage new demonstrations.	of siege and ld a successful two- st economic auster- an Workers Central
Comment: The protests could play of the country's perennial coup plotted are high-ranking military officers. The appears confident that the key military not eager for a coup and that the plotted peopardize the IMF economic assistance ive. The plotters probably prefer bear the onus for the austerity measure meet IMF demands, but they might try	ers, some of whom Torrelio so far ry commanders are tters will not want ance Bolivia is to r to let Torrelio res imposed to

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unrest were to increase substantially.

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SPECIAL ANALYSIS		
IRAQ-IRAN: Implications of the Iranian V	ictory	
Iraq's defeat by Iran in the recent heavy fireworder Saddam Hussein, the personal architect of straits. He has no prospect of improving Iraqi mi or of persuading Iran to negotiate. Saddam probab withdrawing completely from Iran, while taking step his weakened position at home. Any earlier Irania negotiations is likely to evaporate as expectation downfall increase. Moderate Arab states are increase.	of the war, in dire ilitary fortunes oly is considering eps to shore up in interest in a soft Saddam's	
hensive about the threat from a victorious Iran.		25 <mark>X</mark> 1
//Saddam announced yesterday "a reorg Iraqi defenses to the rear." He noted that in the Dezful salient had withdrawn to new closer to the border. Despite forewarning whelming advantage in conventional firepoweriding cause of Iraq's defeat again appear an unwillingness to commit sufficient infatbattle.//	at Iraqi units w positions g and an over- wer, the over- rs to have been	25X1
//The Iragis probably will establish	new defensive	
positions west of the Doveyrij River, leavenly a few kilometers inside Iran.	ving some units	0EV4
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fight tenaciously to defend Iraqi territor	my is likely to	25X1 25X1
//Despite suffering substantial lossed Army appears strong enough to continue prowar. Tehran probably is contemplating and offensive later this spring. It might law sionary attack in the north to threaten the approach to Baghdad.//	osecuting the other major unch a diver-	25 X 1
//Iran's primary effort, however, is aimed at recovering the area between Ahvaz shahr. This is the largest piece of terriheld by Iraq, but Iraqi forces holding it spread.//	z and Khorram- itory still	25 V 1
Spread.//		25X1
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Saddam's Vulnerability	
The Iraqi leader's total identificati war has increased the possibility that his challenged. The military failure will hei longstanding-but suppressedgrievances, Saddam's "personality cult," his deemphasi Party's status, and his refusal to share p colleagues. These differences are over st policy.	rule will be ghten other including s of the Ba'th ower with his
A palace coup involving both Ba'th Pa tary figures is the most serious threat. military leaders probably are concerned th to "Saddam's war" could engulf the entire litical change in Baghdad might improve pronegotiated settlement with Iran, but Tehra remain opposed to any lasting accommodation lar Ba'thist regime.	Party and at opposition regime. Po- ospects for a n would still
A post-Saddam regime initially would bramatic foreign policy changes are unliked with both the West and the USSR would be made a facilitate rebuilding the economy and the sto avoid political isolation in the face of between Syria and Iran.	ly. Contacts aintained to military, and
//The government has attempted to cover nitude of the defeat and threatened severe "seditious" rumormongers. however, military and civilian morale has a the full extent of Iraqi losses become known defensive remarks yesterday will add to published the second se	punishment for plummeted as
Arab Reactions	
//Regardless of the effects of the war personal fortunes, Tehran's success has oth seriously concerned. Nevertheless, Saudi A Minister told a US official Monday that the continue aiding Baghdad in hopes of maintai	ner Arab leaders Arabia's Foreign Saudis will

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counter to Iran. The Persian Gulf leaders to shore up Iraq's Sunni Arab regime in orda more militant Ba'thist or a pro-Iranian S from gaining power.//	der to prevent
Arab leaders in the region will look to probably to Egypt, for leadership and secur They may allow greater visibility for the tence in the area.	rity assistance.
Saudi and Kuwaiti leaders in recent we the US to help end the war. Kuwait, howeverenew its bid for improved relations between Gulf states and the USSR.	er, also may
At the same time, Arab leaders are like opportunities to reduce Iranian hostility. Iran financial assistance in the hope of placerical leaders. Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, ar Arab Emirates already have hinted that they tribute to a reparations fund for Tehran.	They may offer Lacating its nd the United
Egypt will seek to exploit Baghdad's sits isolation in the Arab world. Cairo will its public offers to help defend the Persia a more explicit pro-Iraqi stance, and increto Baghdad. The Egyptians also may offer training teams to the Persian Gulf states timprove their defensive capabilities.	ll reiterate an Gulf, take ease arms sales to send military

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